

Introduction

Modelling parallel systems

Linear Time Properties

Regular Properties

Linear Temporal Logic (LTL)

Computation-Tree Logic

Equivalences and Abstraction

bisimulation

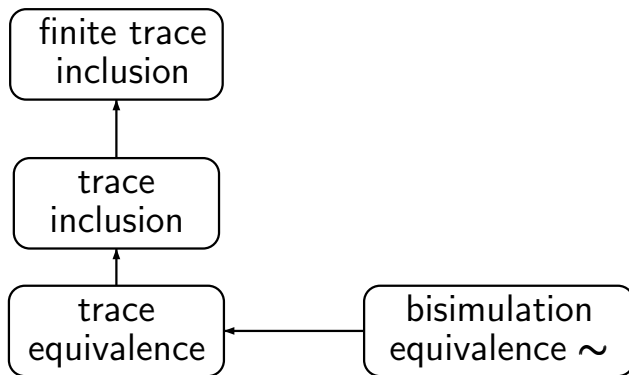
CTL, CTL*-equivalence

computing the bisimulation quotient

abstraction stutter steps

simulation relations





LT safety
prop.

finite trace
inclusion

LTL

trace
inclusion

LTL

trace
equivalence

bisimulation
equivalence $\sim$

CTL*
CTL

LT safety
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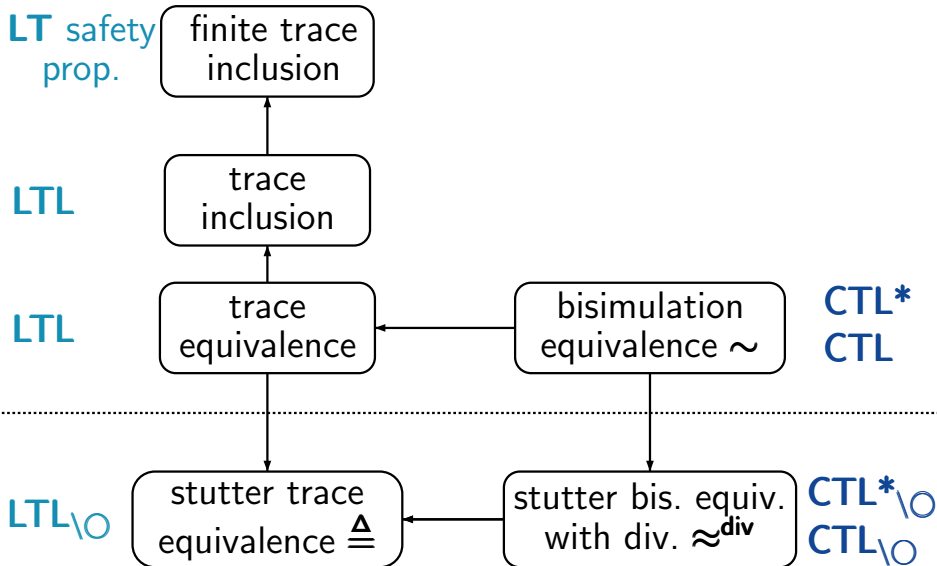
trace
equivalence

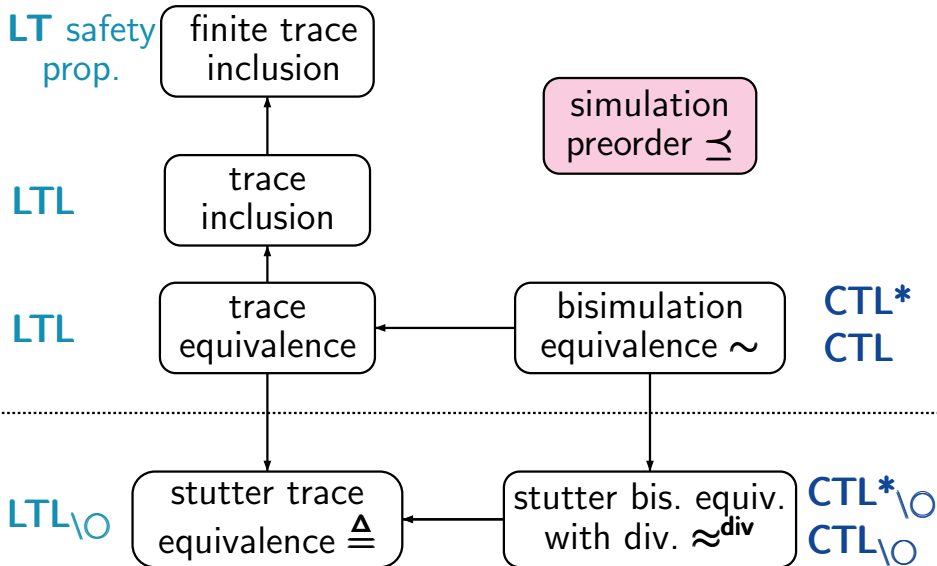
bisimulation
equivalence $\sim$

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stutter trace
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with div. $\approx^{\text{div}}$





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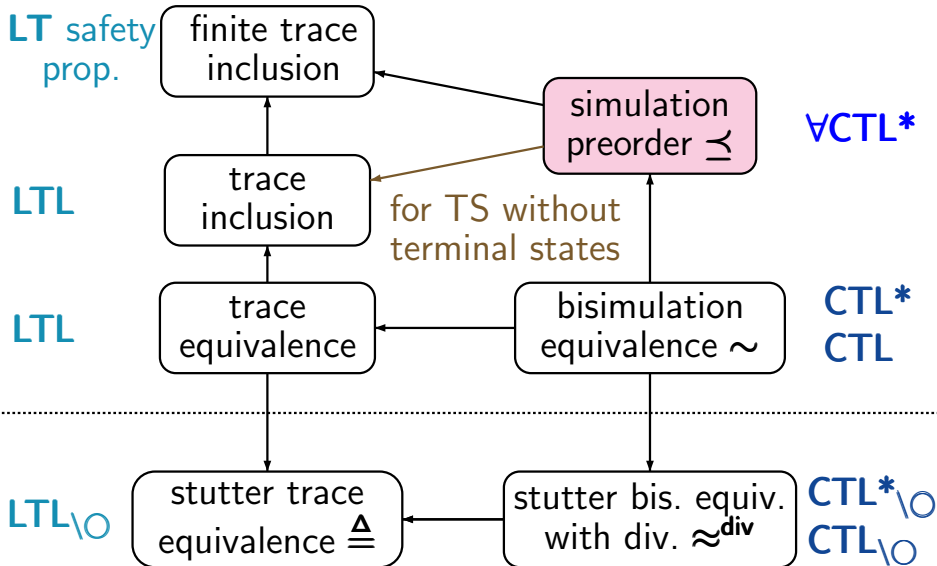
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observation: **L** cannot be closed under negation

CTL^* formulas in positive normal form, without $\exists$

$\forall\text{CTL}^*$ state formulas:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &::= \text{true} \mid \text{false} \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \\ &\quad \Phi_1 \wedge \Phi_2 \mid \Phi_1 \vee \Phi_2 \mid \forall \varphi \end{aligned}$$

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always: $\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \varphi \mathbf{W} \text{false}$

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but $\forall \Diamond \forall \Box a$ cannot be expressed in LTL

syntax of $\forall\text{CTL}^*$:

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$\forall\text{CTL}$: sublogic of $\forall\text{CTL}^*$

- no Boolean operators for paths formulas
- the arguments of the temporal modalities $\bigcirc$, $\mathbf{U}$ and $\mathbf{W}$ are state formulas

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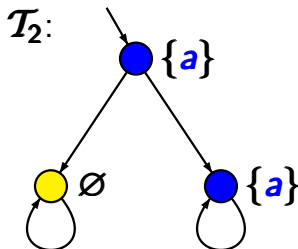
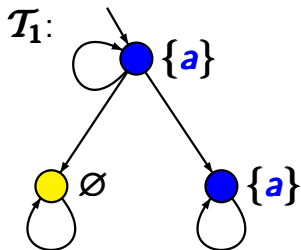
$$(1) \quad s_1 \preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$$

(2) for all $\forall$ CTL state formulas ϕ :

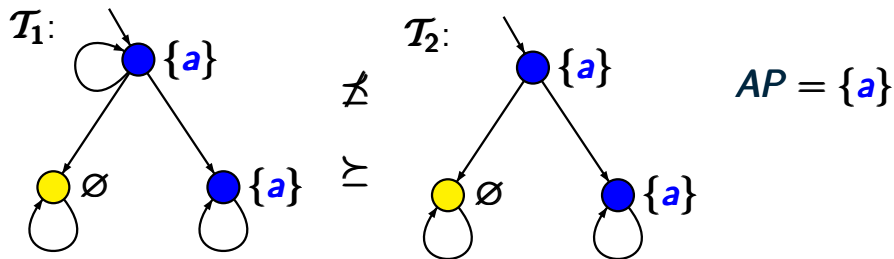
$$\text{if } s_2 \models \phi \text{ then } s_1 \models \phi$$

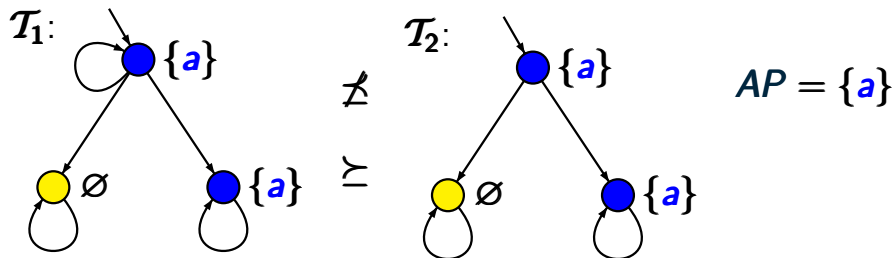
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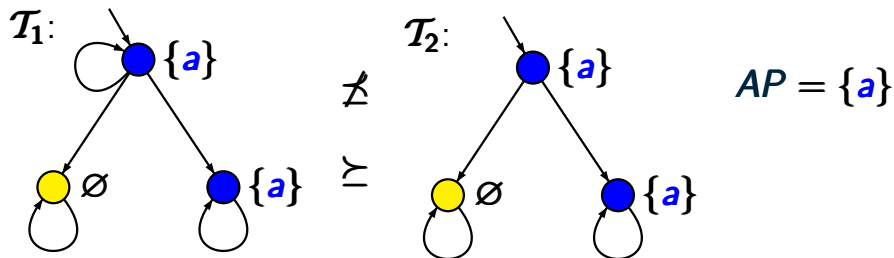
$$AP = \{a\}$$





e.g., $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \forall O(\forall O \neg a \vee \forall O a)$

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$\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \forall \Diamond (\forall \Box \neg a \vee \forall \Box a)$

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- (1) $s_1 \preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
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proof by structural induction

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- (ii) for all $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ path formulas φ and paths π_1, π_2 :
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(2) $\implies$ (1): show that

$$\mathcal{R} = \{ (s_1, s_2) : \text{for all } \forall\text{CTL} \text{ formulas } \phi : \\ s_2 \models \phi \text{ implies } s_1 \models \phi \}$$

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(2) $\implies$ (1): show that for **finite** TS:

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The existential fragment $\exists\text{CTL}^*$ of CTL^*

GRM5.5-20

dual to $\forall\text{CTL}^*$, i.e., CTL^* formulas in **PNF**, without $\forall$

$\exists\text{CTL}^*$ (state) formulas:

$$\psi ::= \text{true} \mid \text{false} \mid a \mid \neg a \mid \psi_1 \wedge \psi_2 \mid \psi_1 \vee \psi_2 \mid \exists \varphi$$

$\exists\text{CTL}^*$ path formulas:

$$\varphi ::= \psi \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2 \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{W} \varphi_2$$

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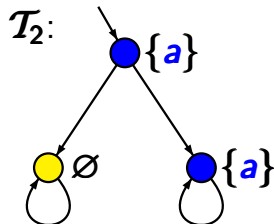
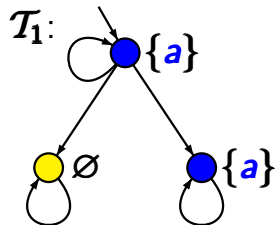
$$(3\forall) \quad \text{for all } \forall\text{CTL}^* \text{ formulas } \phi: \\ \text{if } s_2 \models \phi \text{ then } s_1 \models \phi$$

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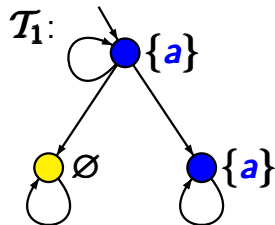
Example: $\forall$ CTL/ $\exists$ CTL and simulation

GRM5.5-21

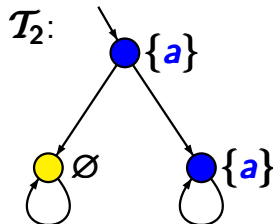


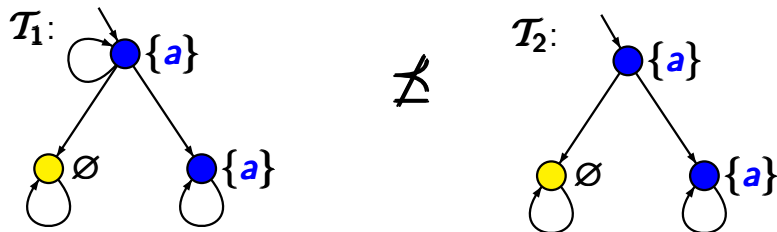
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$\not\sim$

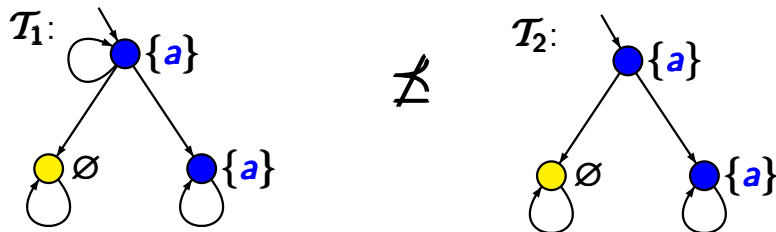




$$T_1 \not\models \forall O(\forall O \neg a \vee \forall O a)$$

$$T_2 \models \forall O(\forall O \neg a \vee \forall O a)$$

$\forall$ CTL formula



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$$\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ and } \mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1$$

for finite TS without terminal states:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2 & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ and } \mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1 \\ & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ satisfy the same } \mathbf{VCTL}^* \text{ formulas} \end{aligned}$$

for finite TS without terminal states:

$\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$ iff $\mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1$

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ formulas

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}$ formulas

for finite TS without terminal states:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2 & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ and } \mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1 \\ & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ satisfy the same } \mathbf{\forall CTL^*} \text{ formulas} \\ & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ satisfy the same } \mathbf{\forall CTL} \text{ formulas} \\ & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2 \text{ satisfy the same } \mathbf{\exists CTL^*} \text{ formulas} \end{aligned}$$

for finite TS without terminal states:

$\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$ iff $\mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1$

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ formulas

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}$ formulas

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}^*$ formulas

iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas

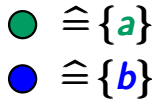
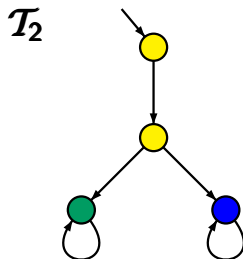
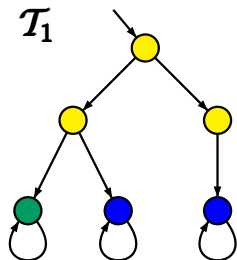
for finite TS without terminal states:

$\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$ iff $\mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1$
 iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ formulas
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 iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}^*$ formulas
 iff $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas

... even holds for $\forall\text{CTL}^*_{\setminus u,w}, \forall\text{CTL}_{\setminus u,w},$
 $\exists\text{CTL}^*_{\setminus u,w}, \exists\text{CTL}_{\setminus u,w}$

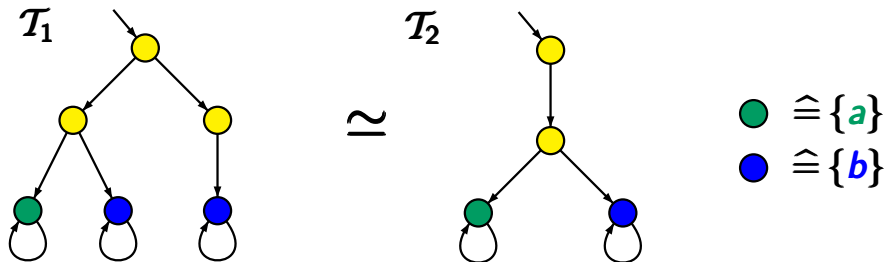
Simulation equivalence

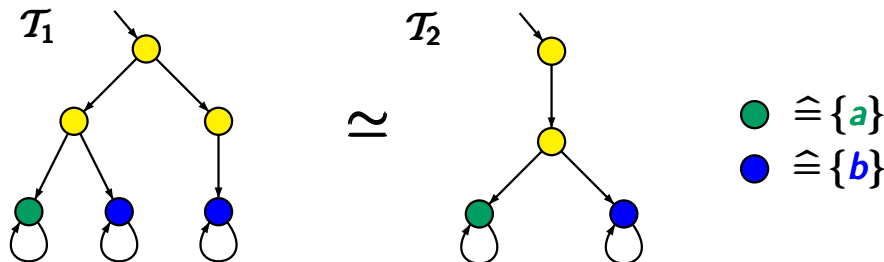
GRM5.5-23



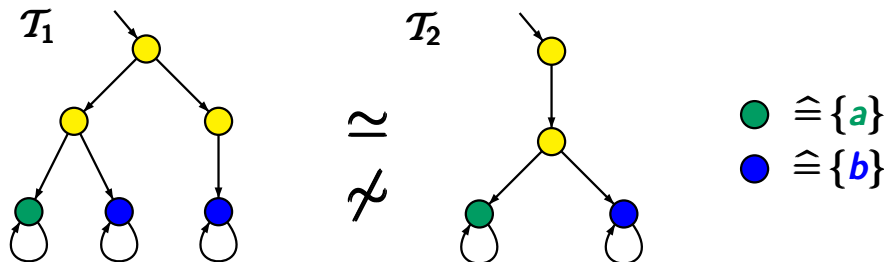
Simulation equivalence

GRM5.5-23

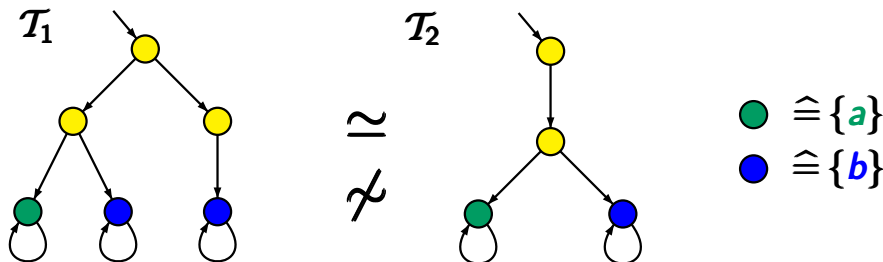




$\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ cannot be distinguished by the temporal logics $\forall\text{CTL}$, $\forall\text{CTL}^*$, $\exists\text{CTL}$, or $\exists\text{CTL}^*$,



$\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ cannot be distinguished by the temporal logics $\forall\text{CTL}$, $\forall\text{CTL}^*$, $\exists\text{CTL}$, or $\exists\text{CTL}^*$,



$\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ cannot be distinguished by the temporal logics
 $\forall \text{CTL}, \forall \text{CTL}^*, \exists \text{CTL},$ or $\exists \text{CTL}^*,$

but by **CTL**:

$$\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \forall \text{O}(\text{EO}a \wedge \text{EO}b)$$

$$\mathcal{T}_2 \models \forall \text{O}(\text{EO}a \wedge \text{EO}b)$$

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

correct

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

correct

$\exists\text{CTL}$ equivalence

= simulation equivalence

= $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ equivalence

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

correct

$\exists\text{CTL}$ equivalence

= simulation equivalence

= $\forall\text{CTL}^*$ equivalence

and LTL is a sublogic of $\forall\text{CTL}^*$

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

correct

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}$ formulas

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

correct

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}$ formulas

wrong

In finite TS without terminal states:

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\exists\text{CTL}$ formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas

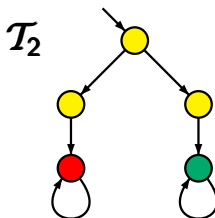
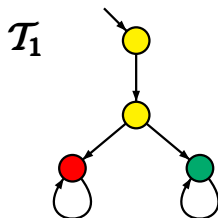
correct

If s_1, s_2 satisfy the same LTL formulas
then s_1, s_2 satisfy the same $\forall\text{CTL}$ formulas

wrong, as trace equivalence does not imply
simulation equivalence

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



$$\text{yellow circle} \hat{=} \emptyset$$

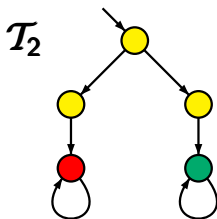
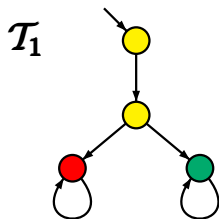
$$\text{red circle} \hat{=} \{a\}$$

$$\text{green circle} \hat{=} \{b\}$$

Does there exist a $\exists\text{CTL}$ formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



$$\text{yellow circle} \hat{=} \emptyset$$

$$\text{red circle} \hat{=} \{a\}$$

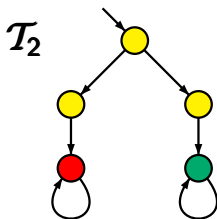
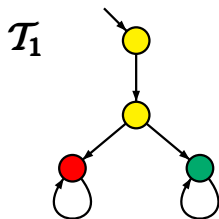
$$\text{green circle} \hat{=} \{b\}$$

Does there exist a $\exists\text{CTL}$ formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

yes

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



$$\text{yellow circle} \hat{=} \emptyset$$

$$\text{red circle} \hat{=} \{a\}$$

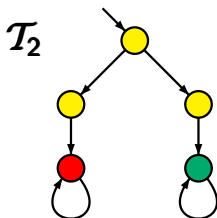
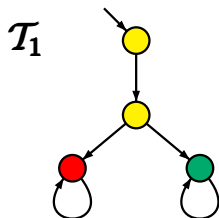
$$\text{green circle} \hat{=} \{b\}$$

Does there exist a $\exists\text{CTL}$ formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\cong \mathcal{T}_2$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



Yellow circle $\hat{=}$ $\emptyset$

Red circle $\hat{=}$ $\{a\}$

Green circle $\hat{=}$ $\{b\}$

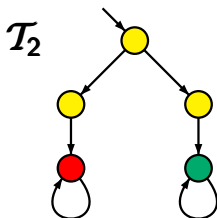
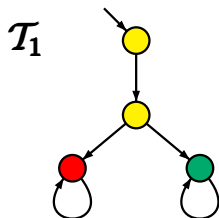
Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.

$\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\phi = \exists \bigcirc (\exists \bigcirc a \wedge \exists \bigcirc b)$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



● $\hat{=} \emptyset$

● $\hat{=} \{a\}$

● $\hat{=} \{b\}$

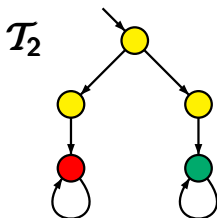
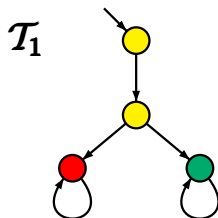
Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\preceq \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\phi = \exists \bigcirc (\exists \bigcirc a \wedge \exists \bigcirc b)$

Does there exist a $\forall$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



Yellow circle $\hat{=}$ $\emptyset$

Red circle $\hat{=}$ $\{a\}$

Green circle $\hat{=}$ $\{b\}$

Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

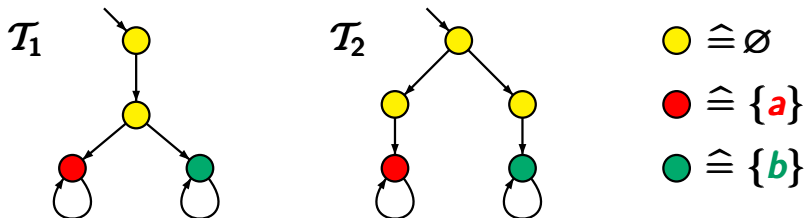
yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\phi = \exists \bigcirc (\exists \bigcirc a \wedge \exists \bigcirc b)$

Does there exist a $\forall$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

no

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-25



Does there exist a $\exists\text{CTL}$ formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

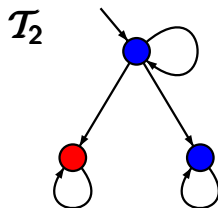
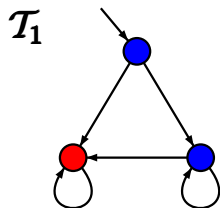
yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\preceq \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\phi = \exists\text{O}(\exists\text{O}a \wedge \exists\text{O}b)$

Does there exist a $\forall\text{CTL}$ formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

no, as $\mathcal{T}_2 \preceq \mathcal{T}_1$

Does there exist ...?

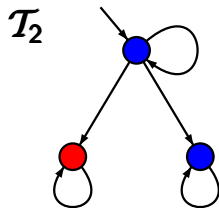
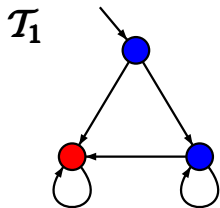
GRM5.5-26



Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-26

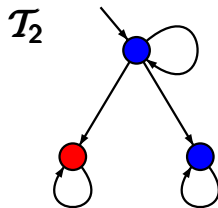
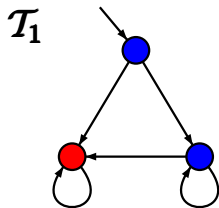


Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

no

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-26

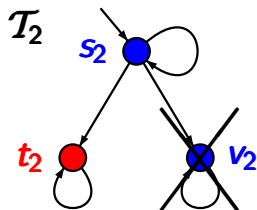
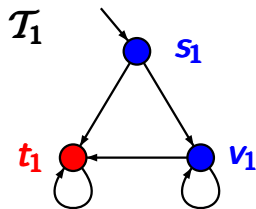


Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

no, since $\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-26



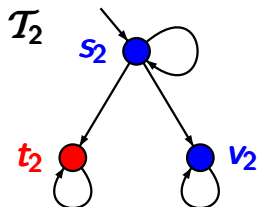
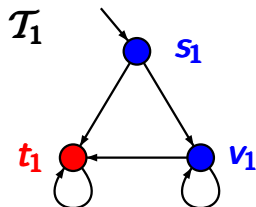
Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \phi$?

no, since $\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$

simulation for $(\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2)$: $\{(s_1, s_2), (v_1, s_2), (t_1, t_2)\}$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-26



Does there exist a $\exists$ CTL formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \not\models \Phi$?

no, since $\mathcal{T}_1 \simeq \mathcal{T}_2$

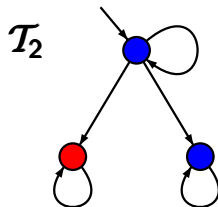
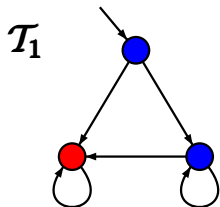
simulation for $(\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2)$: $\{(s_1, s_2), (v_1, s_2), (t_1, t_2)\}$

simulation for $(\mathcal{T}_2, \mathcal{T}_1)$:

$\{(s_2, s_1), (s_2, v_1), (v_2, v_1), (t_1, t_2)\}$

Does there exist ...?

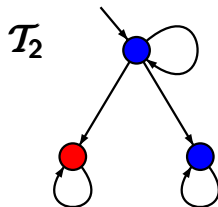
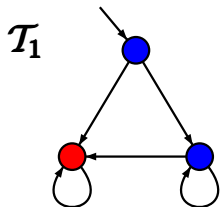
GRM5.5-27



Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27

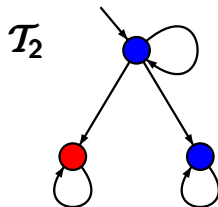
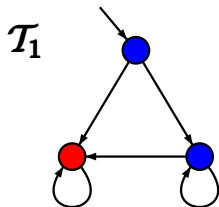


Does there exist a **CTL** formula ϕ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \phi$?

yes

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27

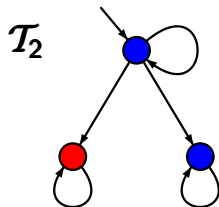
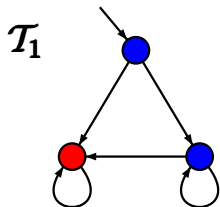


Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27

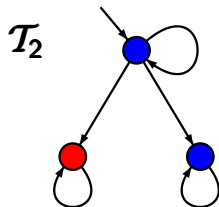
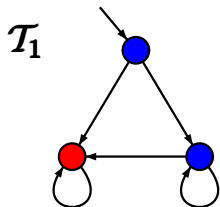


Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\Phi = \exists \bigcirc \forall \square \text{blue}$

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27



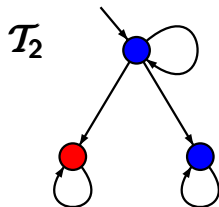
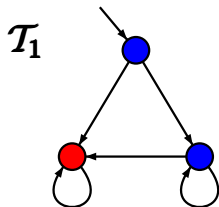
Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\Phi = \exists \bigcirc \forall \square \text{blue}$

Does there exist a **LTL** formula φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \varphi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \varphi$?

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27



Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

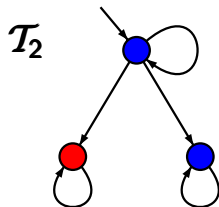
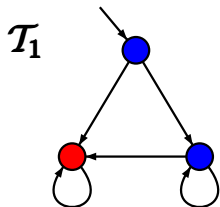
yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\Phi = \exists \bigcirc \forall \square \text{blue}$

Does there exist a **LTL** formula φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \varphi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \varphi$?

no

Does there exist ...?

GRM5.5-27



Does there exist a **CTL** formula Φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \Phi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \Phi$?

yes, as $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\sim \mathcal{T}_2$, e.g., $\Phi = \exists \bigcirc \forall \square \text{blue}$

Does there exist a **LTL** formula φ s.t.
 $\mathcal{T}_1 \not\models \varphi$ and $\mathcal{T}_2 \models \varphi$?

no, as $\mathcal{T}_1, \mathcal{T}_2$ are simulation equivalent

Let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ be a TS.

simulation quotient $\mathcal{T}/\simeq$:

transition system that arises from $\mathcal{T}$ by collapsing
all **simulation equivalent** states

Let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ be a TS. Then:

$$\mathcal{T}/\simeq \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\mathcal{S}/\simeq, Act', \rightarrow_{\simeq}, \mathcal{S}'_0, AP', L')$$

Let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ be a TS. Then:

$$\mathcal{T}/\simeq \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\mathcal{S}/\simeq, Act', \rightarrow_{\simeq}, \mathcal{S}'_0, AP', L')$$

- state space $\mathcal{S}/\simeq$ ←

set of all simulation equivalence classes
--

Let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$ be a TS. Then:

$$\mathcal{T}/\simeq \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\mathcal{S}/\simeq, Act', \rightarrow_{\simeq}, \mathcal{S}'_0, AP', L')$$

- state space $\mathcal{S}/\simeq$ $\longleftarrow$

set of all simulation equivalence classes
- initial states: $\mathcal{S}'_0 = \{[s] : s \in \mathcal{S}_0\}$

$$[s] = \{s' \in \mathcal{S} : s \simeq_{\mathcal{T}} s'\}$$

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- action labels: irrelevant

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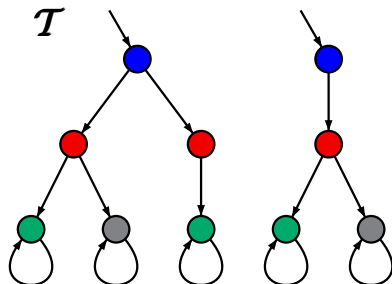
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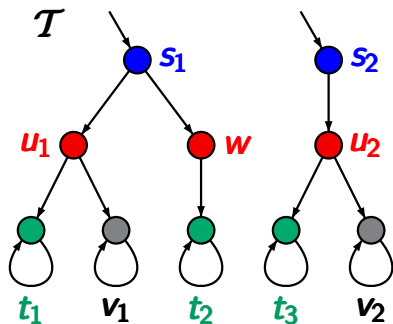
Example: simulation quotient

GRM5.5-28A



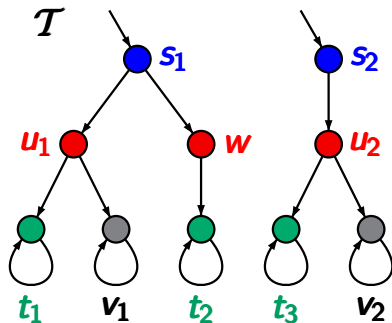
Example: simulation quotient

GRM5.5-28A



t_1 , t_2 , t_3 are simulation equivalent

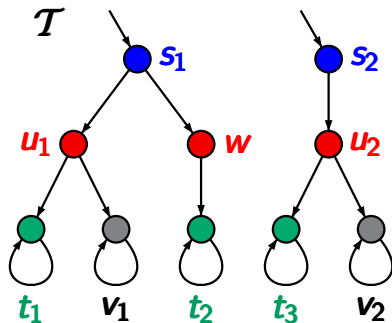
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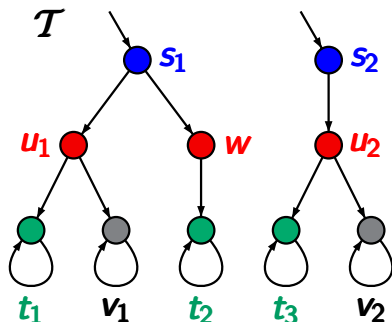
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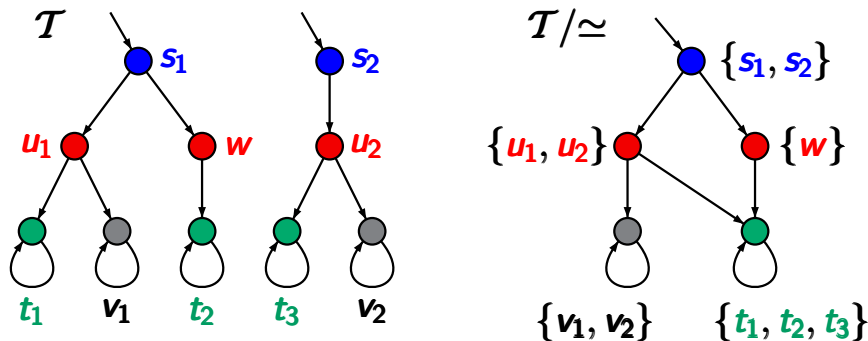
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GRM5.5-28A



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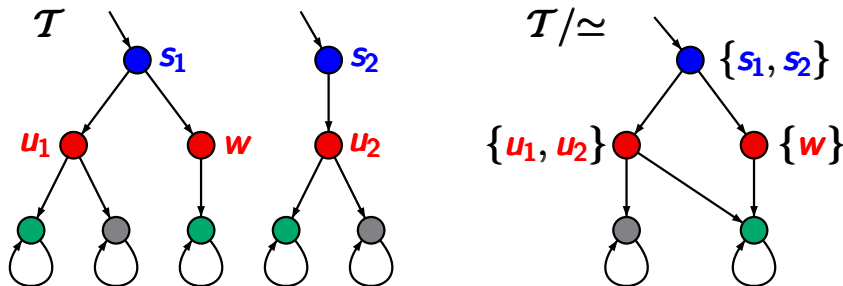
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GRM5.5-28A

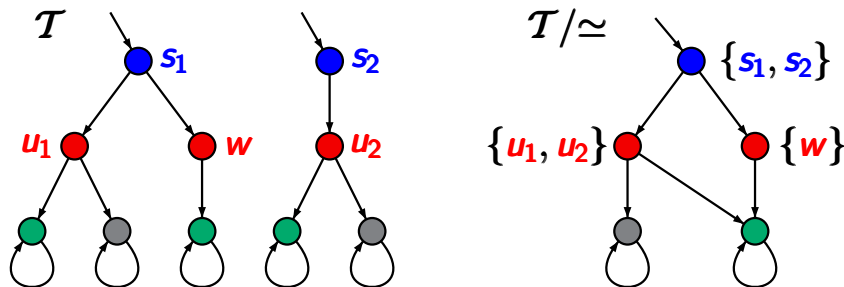


simulation for $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}/\simeq)$:

$$\{(s, [s]) : s \text{ is a state in } \mathcal{T} \}$$

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GRM5.5-28A



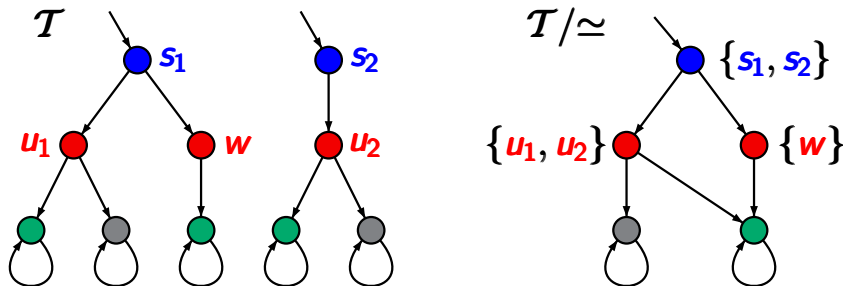
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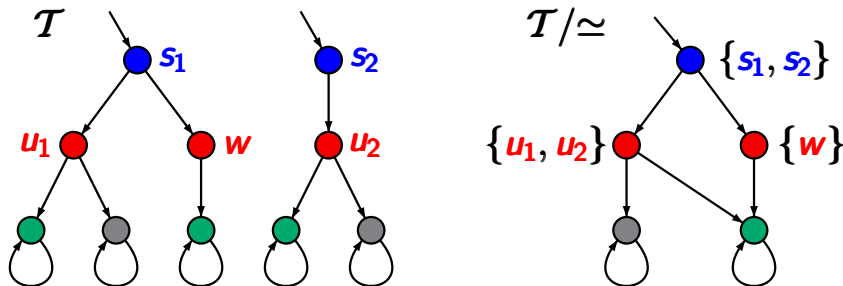
GRM5.5-28A



show that $\mathcal{R} = \{([s], s) : s \text{ is a state in } \mathcal{T}\}$
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Example: simulation quotient

GRM5.5-28A

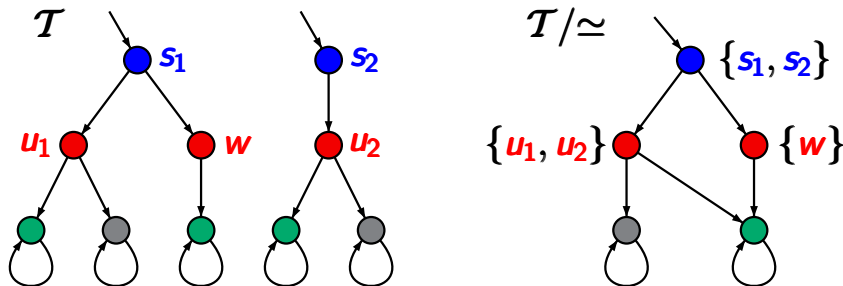


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GRM5.5-28A

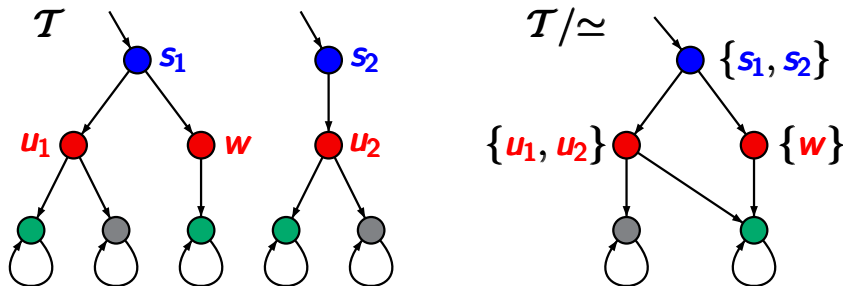


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GRM5.5-28A



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Let $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, \text{Act}, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, \text{AP}, \mathcal{L})$ be a TS. Then:

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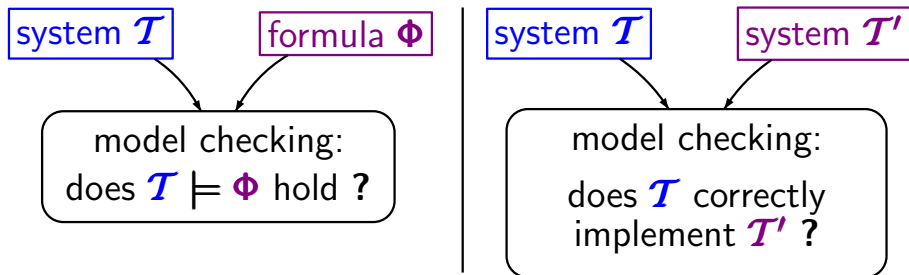
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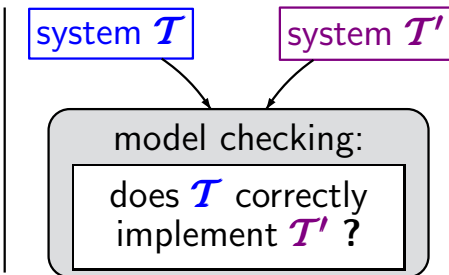
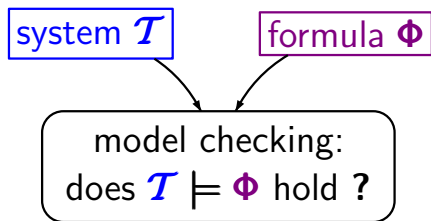
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Heterogeneous/homogeneous model checking GRM5.5-30

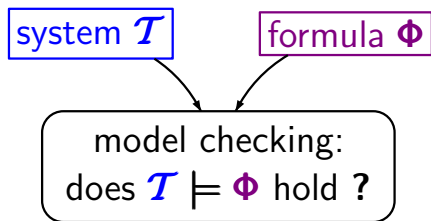


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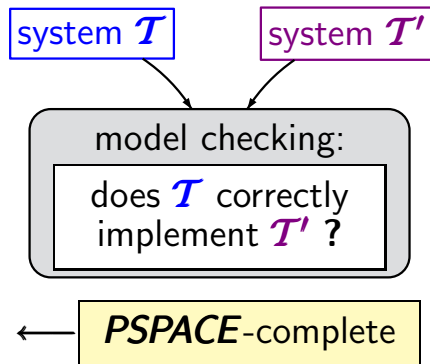


trace inclusion checking
trace equivalence checking

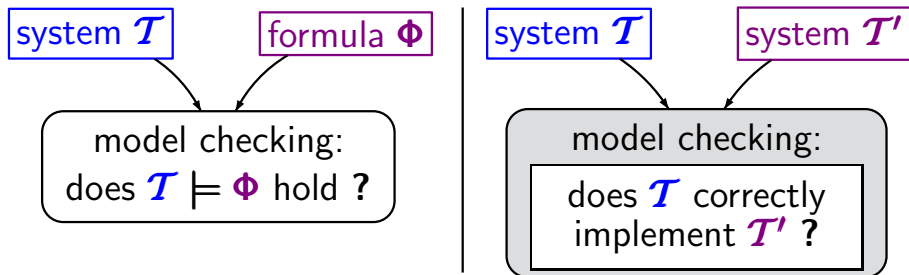
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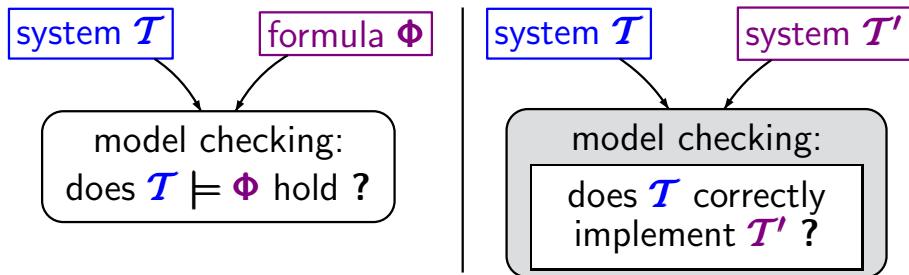
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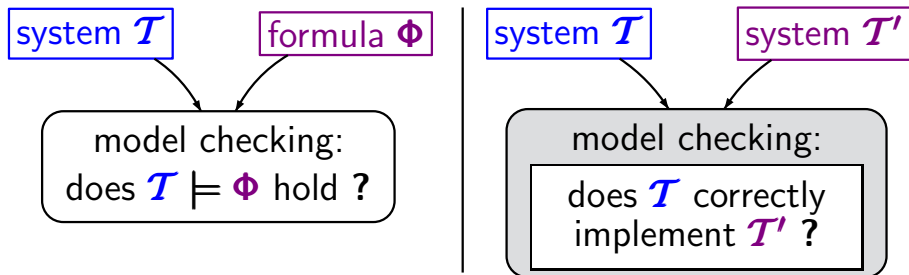
← ***PSPACE***-complete

← $\mathcal{O}(m \cdot \log n)$

n = #states

m = #transitions

Heterogeneous/homogeneous model checking GRM5.5-30



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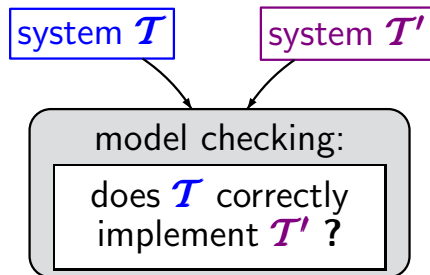
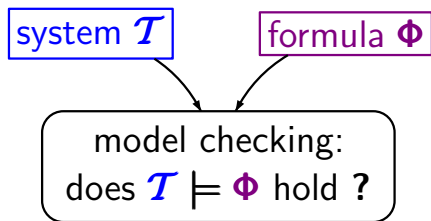
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given: 2 finite transition system $\mathcal{T}_1$ and $\mathcal{T}_2$
over the same set of propositions AP

question: does $\mathcal{T}_1 \preceq \mathcal{T}_2$ hold ?

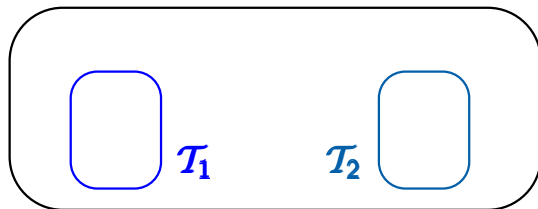
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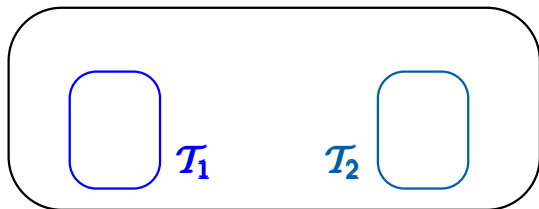
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composite
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 $\mathcal{T} = \mathcal{T}_1 \uplus \mathcal{T}_2$

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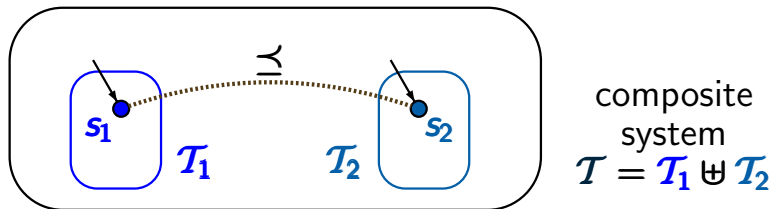


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- compute the simulation preorder $\preceq_{\mathcal{T}}$ on $\mathcal{T}$

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- compute the simulation preorder $\preceq_{\mathcal{T}}$ on $\mathcal{T}$
- check whether for all initial states s_1 of $\mathcal{T}_1$
there is an initial state s_2 of $\mathcal{T}_2$ s.t. $s_1 \preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$

given: finite TS $\mathcal{T} = (S, Act, \rightarrow, S_0, AP, L)$
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method: **iterative refinement** of relation $\mathcal{R} \subseteq S \times S$

$$\mathcal{R} := \{ (s_1, s_2) \in S \times S : L(s_1) = L(s_2) \};$$

WHILE $\mathcal{R}$ is no simulation DO

 choose $(s_1, s_2) \in \mathcal{R}$ s.t. $s_1 \rightarrow s'_1$, but there is
 no transition $s_2 \rightarrow s'_2$ with $(s'_1, s'_2) \in \mathcal{R}$

OD $\mathcal{R} := \mathcal{R} \setminus \{(s_1, s_2)\}$

return $\mathcal{R}$

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return $\mathcal{R} \leftarrow$ $\mathcal{R}$ is the coarsest simulation on $\mathcal{T}$
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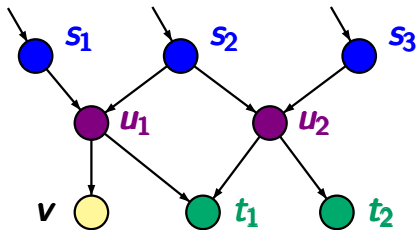
#iterations: $\mathcal{O}(|S|^2)$

representation of $\mathcal{R}$ by simulator sets

$$Sim_{\mathcal{R}}(s_1) = \{ s_2 \in S : (s_1, s_2) \in \mathcal{R} \}$$

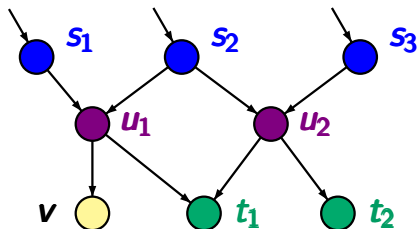
Example: computation of $\preceq$

GRM5.5-33



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GRM5.5-33



initially:

$$Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

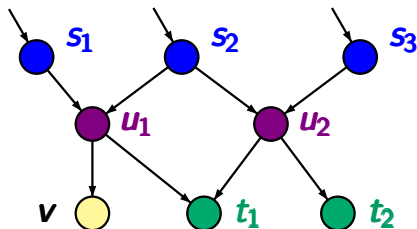
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Example: computation of $\preceq$

GRM5.5-33



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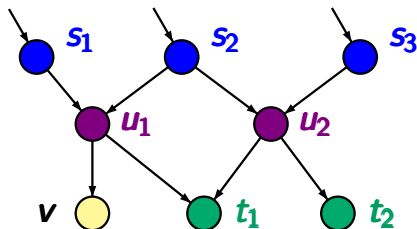
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$u_1 \not\preceq u_2$, as $u_1 \rightarrow v$, $u_2 \not\rightarrow Sim(v)$



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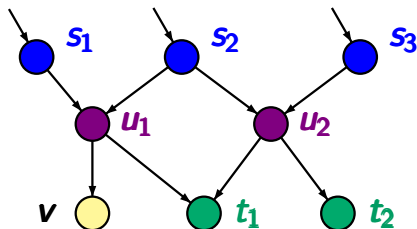
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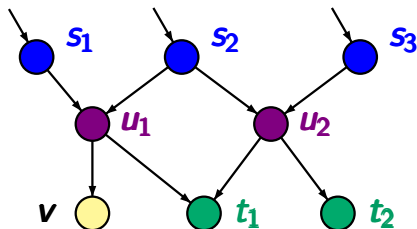
$u_1 \not\preceq u_2$, as $u_1 \rightarrow v$, $u_2 \not\rightarrow Sim(v)$

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$s_1 \not\preceq s_3$, as $s_1 \rightarrow u_1$, $s_3 \not\rightarrow Sim(u_1)$

Example: computation of $\preceq$

GRM5.5-33



initially:

$$Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$Sim(u_1) = Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

$$Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

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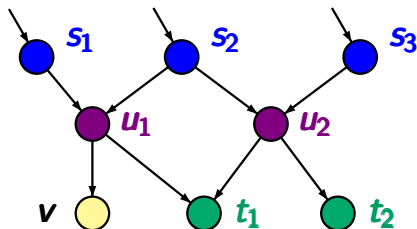
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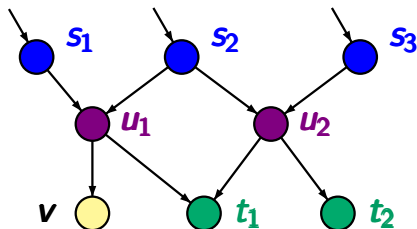
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GRM5.5-33



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$$s_2 \not\preceq s_3, \text{ as } s_2 \rightarrow u_1, s_3 \not\rightarrow Sim(u_1) \quad \boxed{Sim(s_2) = \{s_1, s_2\}}$$


```
FOR ALL  $s_1 \in S$  DO
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OD
WHILE  $\exists s_1 \in S \exists s_2 \in Sim(s_1) \exists s'_1 \in Post(s_1)$ 
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return  $\{(s_1, s_2) : s_2 \in Sim(s_1)\}$ 
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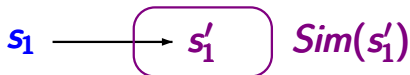
```

 $s_1 \longrightarrow s'_1$
 s_2

```

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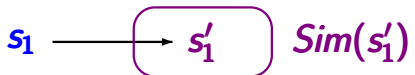
s_2

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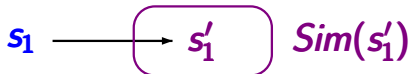
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$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus \{s_2\} \leftarrow$ $s_1 \not\preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s_2$
 OD

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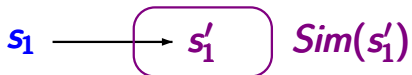
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complexity:
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$$m = \#edges \\ \geq |S|$$

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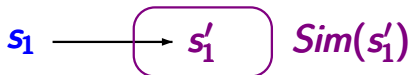
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reformulation of the algorithm to compute $\preceq_{\mathcal{T}}$
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- counters $\delta(s'_1, s_2)$ for $|Post(s_2) \cap Sim(s'_1)|$

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by means of

- counters $\delta(s'_1, s_2)$ for $|Post(s_2) \cap Sim(s'_1)|$
- a set V that organizes all pairs (s'_1, s_2)
where $\delta(s'_1, s_2) = 0$

FOR ALL $s_1 \in \mathcal{S}$ DO $\text{Sim}(s_1) := \{s_2 : L(s_1) = L(s_2)\}$ OD

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OD

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 $V := \{(s'_1, s_2) : \delta(s'_1, s_2) = 0\}$
 WHILE $V \neq \emptyset$ DO
 choose $(s'_1, s_2) \in V$ and remove (s'_1, s_2) from V

OD

```

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    OD
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```

```

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        FOR ALL  $u_2 \in Pre(s_2)$  DO
            OD
        OD
    OD
OD

```

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 OD

OD

OD

in total:
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```

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```

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cost per iteration
 $\mathcal{O}(m)$

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 $V := \{(s'_1, s_2) : \delta(s'_1, s_2) = 0\}$
 WHILE $V \neq \emptyset$ DO ← $\#iterations \leq |S|^2$
 choose $(s'_1, s_2) \in V$ and remove (s'_1, s_2) from V

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Then: if $\text{Post}(s_2) \cap \text{Sim}(s'_1) = \{s'_2\}$ then $s_1 \not\preceq s_2$
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idea: collect all such states s_2 in $\text{Remove}(s'_1)$

If s'_2 is removed from $Sim(s'_1)$ then regard all direct predecessors s_1 of s'_1 and remove all states in

$$Remove(s'_1) = Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$$

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$$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := Sim(s'_1)$$

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$Sim_{old}(s'_1)$

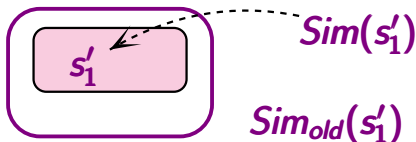
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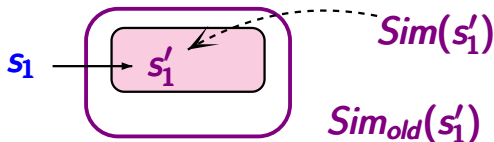
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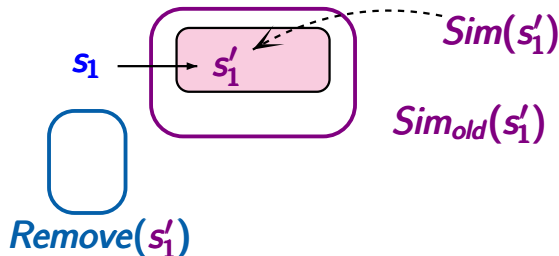
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$$\text{Sim}_{old}(s'_1) := \text{Sim}(s'_1)$$

$$\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \text{Remove}(s'_1) \text{ for } s_1 \in \text{Pre}(s'_1)$$



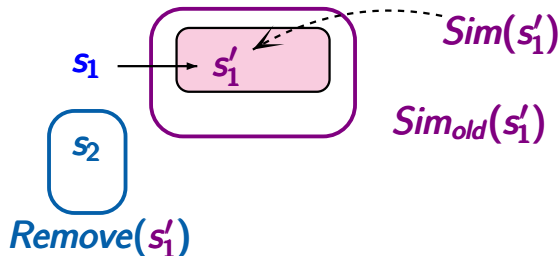
If s'_2 is removed from $\text{Sim}(s'_1)$ then regard all direct predecessors s_1 of s'_1 and remove all states in

$$\text{Remove}(s'_1) = \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}_{\text{old}}(s'_1)) \setminus \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}(s'_1))$$

from $\text{Sim}(s_1)$. I.e., we put

$$\text{Sim}_{\text{old}}(s'_1) := \text{Sim}(s'_1)$$

$$\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \text{Remove}(s'_1) \text{ for } s_1 \in \text{Pre}(s'_1)$$



Idea of the HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-36A

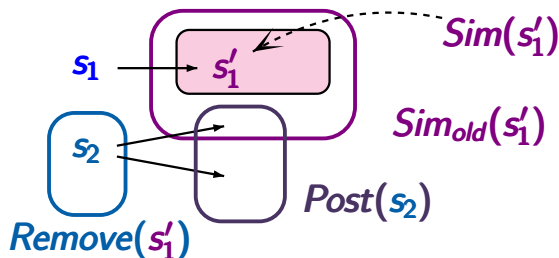
If s'_2 is removed from $Sim(s'_1)$ then regard all direct predecessors s_1 of s'_1 and remove all states in

$$Remove(s'_1) = Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$$

from $Sim(s_1)$. I.e., we put

$$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := Sim(s'_1)$$

$$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(s'_1) \text{ for } s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$$



Idea of the HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-36A

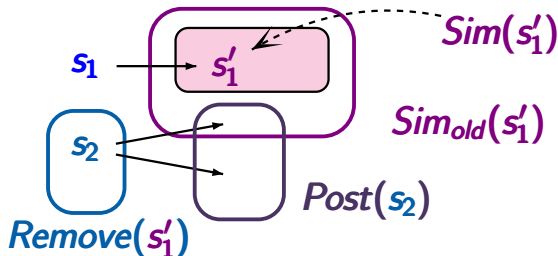
If s'_2 is removed from $\text{Sim}(s'_1)$ then regard all direct predecessors s_1 of s'_1 and remove all states in

$$\text{Remove}(s'_1) = \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}_{\text{old}}(s'_1)) \setminus \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}(s'_1))$$

from $\text{Sim}(s_1)$. I.e., we put

$$\text{Sim}_{\text{old}}(s'_1) := \text{Sim}(s'_1)$$

$$\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \text{Remove}(s'_1) \text{ for } s_1 \in \text{Pre}(s'_1)$$



$$s_1 \not\preceq_T s_2$$

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1));$

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1));$

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2)\}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$;

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(s'_1)$

OD ;

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$;

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(s'_1)$

OD ;

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := Sim(s'_1)$

OD

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2)\}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$;

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(s'_1)$

OD ;

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := Sim(s'_1)$

OD

return $\{(s_1, s'_2) : s'_2 \in Sim(s'_1)\}$

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := S$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \text{ and } \dots \}$

if s'_2 is terminal then so is s'_1



OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1 ;

$Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1));$

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(s'_1)$

OD ;

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := Sim(s'_1)$

OD

return $\{(s_1, s'_2) : s'_2 \in Sim(s'_1)\}$

HHK-algorithm (first version)

GRM5.5-36C

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Sim_{old}(s'_1) := \text{"undefined"}$

$Sim(s'_1) := \{s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \text{ and } \dots\}$

OD

WHILE $\exists$ state s'_1 with $Sim(s'_1) \neq Sim_{old}(s'_1)$ DO

choose such a state s'_1

IF $Sim_{old}(s'_1) = \text{"undefined"}$

THEN $Remove(s'_1) := S \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$

ELSE $Remove(s'_1) := Pre(Sim_{old}(s'_1)) \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$

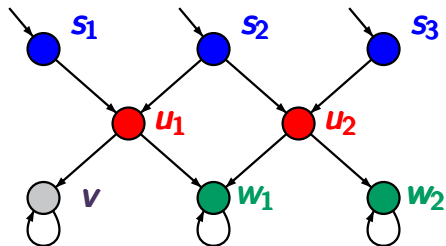
FI

FOR ALL $s_1 \in Pre(s'_1)$ DO

...

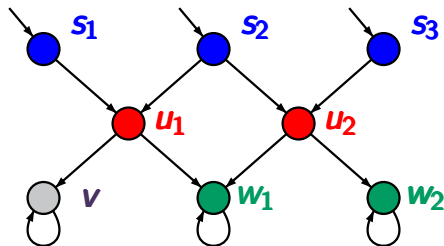
Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

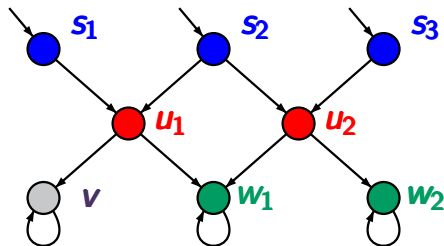
$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

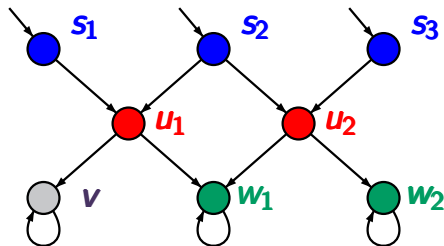
$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

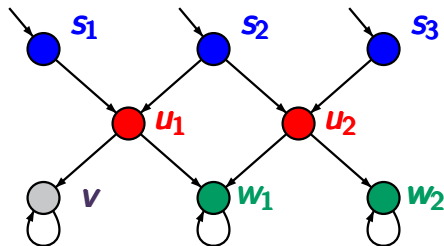
$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

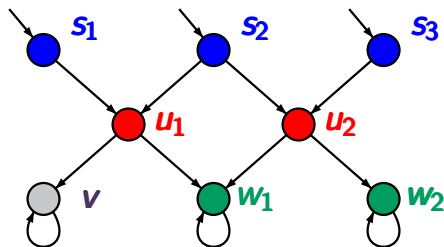
choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

$Sim(u_1) := Sim(u_1) \setminus Remove(v) = \{u_1\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

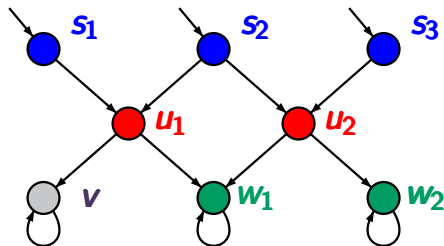
$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

$Sim(u_1) := Sim(u_1) \setminus Remove(v) = \{u_1\}$

$u_1 \longrightarrow v$ can't be simulated by any
of the states in $Remove(v)$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

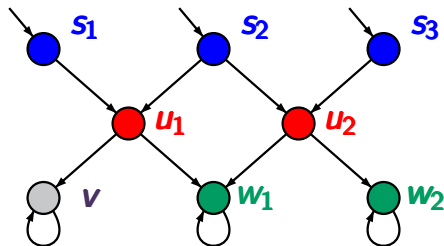
$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

$Sim(u_1) := Sim(u_1) \setminus Remove(v) = \{u_1\}$

$Sim_{old}(v) := Sim(v) = \{v\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

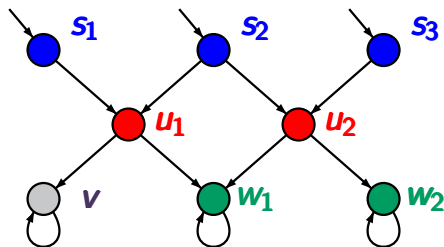
$Sim(u_1) := Sim(u_1) \setminus Remove(v) = \{u_1\}$

$Sim_{old}(v) := Sim(v) = \{v\}$

choose next state s'_1

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-37



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

choose state $s'_1 = v$ with $Sim_{old}(v) \neq Sim(v)$:

$Remove(v) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(v)) = S \setminus \{u_1\}$

$Sim(u_1) := Sim(u_1) \setminus Remove(v) = \{u_1\}$

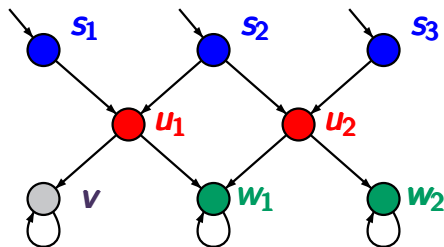
$Sim_{old}(v) := Sim(v) = \{v\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = s_1$ with $Sim_{old}(s_1) \neq Sim(s_1)$:

no change in $Sim(\dots)$, as $Pre(s_1) = \emptyset$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$\text{Sim}_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$\text{Sim}(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

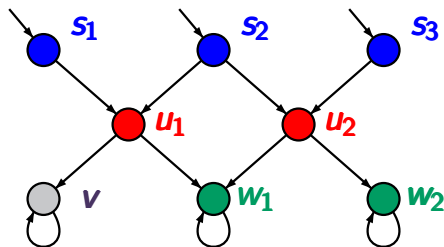
$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $\text{Sim}(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $\text{Sim}_{old}(v) = \text{Sim}(v) = \{v\}$

$s'_1 = s_i$: $\text{Sim}_{old}(s_i) = \text{Sim}(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

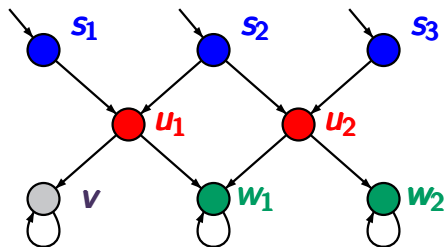
$s'_1 = v$: $Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$

$s'_1 = s_i$: $Sim_{old}(s_i) = Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $Sim_{old}(u_1) \neq Sim(u_1)$:

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$

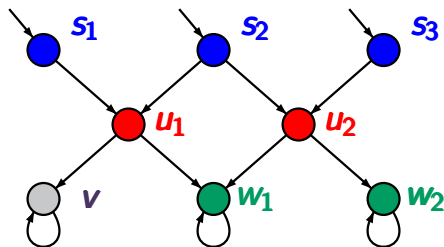
$s'_1 = s_i$: $Sim_{old}(s_i) = Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $Sim_{old}(u_1) \neq Sim(u_1)$:

$Remove(u_1) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_1)) =$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$

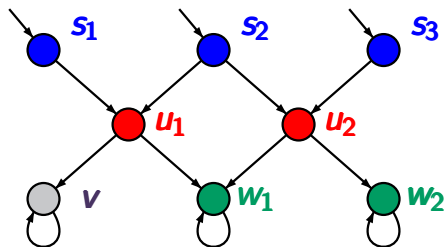
$s'_1 = s_i$: $Sim_{old}(s_i) = Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $Sim_{old}(u_1) \neq Sim(u_1)$:

$Remove(u_1) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_1)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$

$s'_1 = s_i$: $Sim_{old}(s_i) = Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

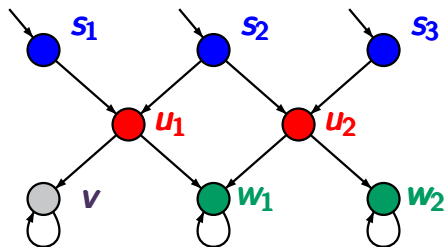
choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $Sim_{old}(u_1) \neq Sim(u_1)$:

$Remove(u_1) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_1)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2\}$

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(u_1) = \{s_1, s_2\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$\text{Sim}_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$\text{Sim}(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $\text{Sim}(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $\text{Sim}_{old}(v) = \text{Sim}(v) = \{v\}$

$s'_1 = s_i$: $\text{Sim}_{old}(s_i) = \text{Sim}(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $\text{Sim}_{old}(u_1) \neq \text{Sim}(u_1)$:

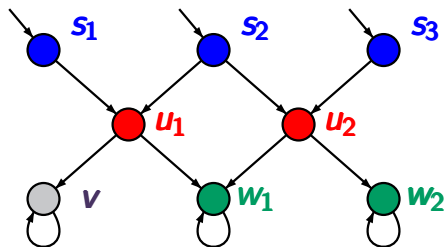
$\text{Remove}(u_1) = S \setminus \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}(u_1)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2\}$

$\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \text{Remove}(u_1) = \{s_1, s_2\}$

$s_1 \rightarrow u_1$ can't be simulated by any state $t \in \text{Remove}(u_1)$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-38



initially:

$Sim_{old}(t) = \perp$ for all states t

$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

$\vdots$

$s'_1 = v$: $Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$, $Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$

$s'_1 = s_i$: $Sim_{old}(s_i) = Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$

choose next state $s'_1 = u_1$ with $Sim_{old}(u_1) \neq Sim(u_1)$:

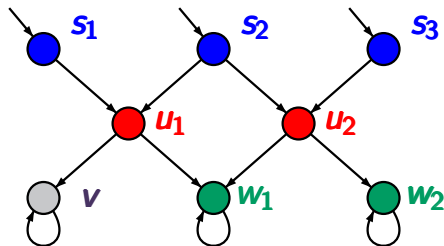
$Remove(u_1) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_1)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2\}$

$Sim(s_1) := Sim(s_1) \setminus Remove(u_1) = \{s_1, s_2\}$

$Sim(s_2) := Sim(s_2) \setminus Remove(u_1) = \{s_1, s_2\}$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-39



initially:

$$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

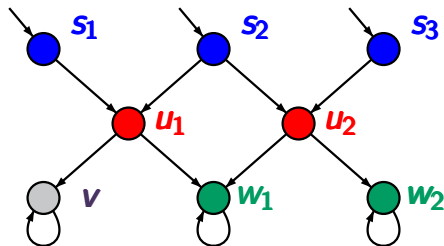
$$v: Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}, Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

$$u_1: Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i=1, 2, Sim_{old}(u_1) = Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$$

choose state $s'_1 = u_2$:

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-39



initially:

$$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

$$v: Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}, Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

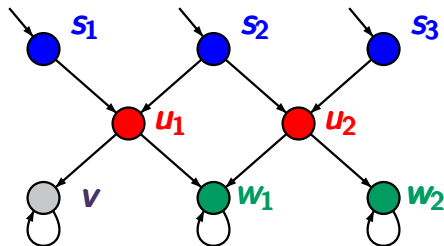
$$u_1: Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i=1, 2, Sim_{old}(u_1) = Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$$

choose state $s'_1 = u_2$:

$$Remove(u_2) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_2))$$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-39



initially:

$$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$\vdots$

$$Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

$$v: Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}, Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

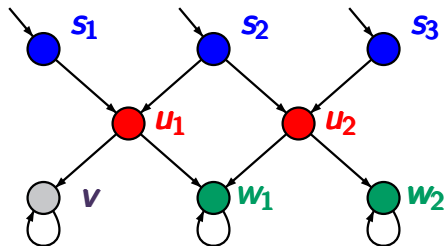
$$u_1: Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i=1, 2, Sim_{old}(u_1) = Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$$

choose state $s'_1 = u_2$:

$$Remove(u_2) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_2)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-39



initially:

$$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

$$v: Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}, Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

$$u_1: Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i=1, 2, Sim_{old}(u_1) = Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$$

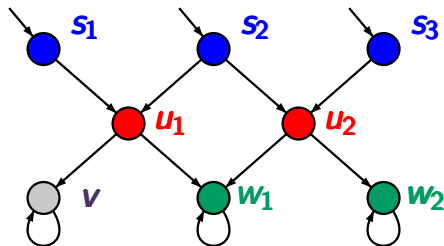
choose state $s'_1 = u_2$:

$$Remove(u_2) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_2)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$Sim(s_i) := Sim(s_2) \setminus Remove(u_2) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i = 1, 2$$

Example: HHK-algorithm

GRM5.5-39



initially:

$$Sim(s_1) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$\vdots$

$$Sim(u_2) = \{u_1, u_2\}$$

$$v: Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}, Sim_{old}(v) = Sim(v) = \{v\}$$

$$u_1: Sim(s_i) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i=1, 2, Sim_{old}(u_1) = Sim(u_1) = \{u_1\}$$

choose state $s'_1 = u_2$:

$$Remove(u_2) = S \setminus Pre(Sim(u_2)) = S \setminus \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

$$Sim(s_i) := Sim(s_2) \setminus Remove(u_2) = \{s_1, s_2\}, i = 1, 2$$

$$Sim(s_3) := Sim(s_3) \setminus Remove(u_2) = \{s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

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$$(1) \text{ } \textit{Sim}(s'_1) \supseteq \{s'_2 \in S : s'_1 \preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2\}$$

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since $\preceq_{\mathcal{T}}$ is the coarsest simulation, (1) yields:

$$s'_2 \in \text{Sim}(s'_1) \quad \text{iff} \quad s'_1 \preceq_{\mathcal{T}} s'_2$$

HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40B

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$$Sim(s'_1) := \{s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2)\}$$

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            OD
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```

HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40B

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    OD
     $Remove(s'_1) := \emptyset$ 
DO
```

HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

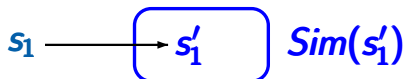
```
⋮
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    FI
...

```

HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

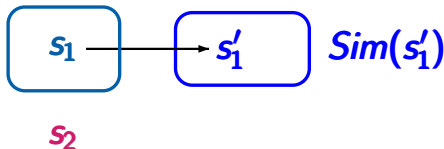
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HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

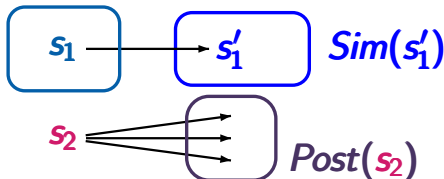
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HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

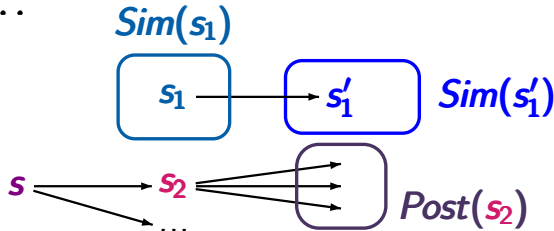
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HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

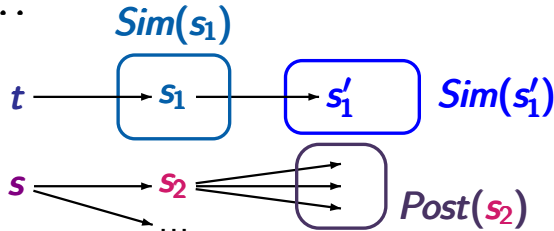
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FI
...



HHK-algorithm (second version)

GRM5.5-40C

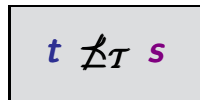
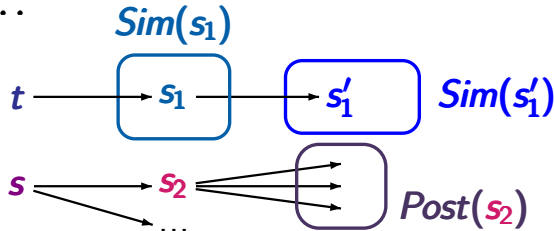
$\vdots$
choose such a state s'_1 with $\text{Remove}(s'_1) \neq \emptyset$
FOR ALL $s_2 \in \text{Remove}(s'_1)$ DO
FOR ALL $s_1 \in \text{Pre}(s'_1)$ DO
IF $s_2 \in \text{Sim}(s_1)$ THEN
 $\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \{s_2\}$
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GRM5.5-40C

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for each pair (s_2, s'_1) of states: s_2 is inserted in
(and removed from) *Remove* (s'_1) at most once

for each pair (s_2, s'_1) of states: s_2 is inserted in
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```

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s.t. ...

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if s is inserted in $Remove(s_1)$ then there exists a state s_2
s.t. $s \rightarrow s_2$ and ...

for each pair (s_2, s'_1) of states: s_2 is inserted in
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FI  
⋮
```

if s is inserted in $Remove(s_1)$ then there exists a state s_2
s.t. $s \rightarrow s_2$ and $Post(s) \cap Sim(s_1) = \{s_2\}$ immediately
before s_2 has been removed from $Sim(s_1)$

show that the HHK-algorithm can be realized in time:

$$\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$$

where m = number of edges

S = state space

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$$m \geq |S|$$

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S = state space

$$m \geq |S|$$

and AP is fixed

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$\text{Remove}(s'_1) := S \setminus \text{Pre}(\text{Sim}(s'_1))$

$\text{Sim}(s'_1) := \{ s'_2 \in S : L(s'_1) = L(s'_2) \text{ and} \\ \text{if } s'_2 \text{ is terminal then so is } s'_1 \}$

OD

FOR ALL states s'_1 DO

$Remove(s'_1) := S \setminus Pre(Sim(s'_1))$

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OD

time complexity: $\mathcal{O}(|S| \cdot AP) = \mathcal{O}(|S|)$
(as in the bisimulation algorithms)

Complexity of the while-loop

GRM5.5-41B

Complexity of the while-loop

GRM5.5-41B

```
WHILE there exists a state  $s'_1$  with  $Remove(s'_1) \neq \emptyset$  DO
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Complexity of the while-loop

GRM5.5-41B

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OD

OD

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GRM5.5-41B

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FI

OD

OD

$Remove(s'_1) := \emptyset$

DO

in total:

$\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$

Complexity of the while-loop

GRM5.5-41c

WHILE there exists a state s'_1 with $\text{Remove}(s'_1) \neq \emptyset$ DO
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$\text{Sim}(s_1) := \text{Sim}(s_1) \setminus \{s_2\}$

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FI

OD

OD

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DO

in total:

$\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$

Complexity of the while-loop

GRM5.5-41c

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$\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$

FI

OD

OD

$Remove(s'_1) := \emptyset$

DO

Summary: linear vs. branching time

GRM5.5-42

Summary: linear vs. branching time

GRM5.5-42

	linear time	branching time
temporal logic	LTL	CTL
implementation relation	trace equivalence trace inclusion	bisimulation simulation

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bisimulation $\sim$: $\mathcal{O}(m \cdot \log |S|)$

stutter bisimulation $\approx$ or $\approx^{\text{div}}$: $\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$

simulation $\preceq$: $\mathcal{O}(m \cdot |S|)$

THE END