

FOUNDATIONS OF THE UML

lecture 6:

REGULARITY

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SUMMARY

- Conditions for (safe) realizability for languages obtained by finite set of MSCs
- Checking realizability is coNP-complete; safe realizability is in decidable in PTIME

But.....

- Can results be obtained for larger class of MSGs? e.g., certain infinite ones?
- What happens if we allow synchronization messages?
- How do we obtain an MPA that realizes an MSG?
- Conditions ABS, AB', AB are semantic notions. Can we find — possibly only necessary — simple syntactic conditions that guarantee realizability?

REGULAR MSCs

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- The set of MSCs $\{M_1, \dots, M_k\}$ is regular if $\bigcup_{i=1}^k \text{Tr}(M_i)$ is a regular language.
 (possible $k = \infty$! traces)
- MSG G is regular if $\text{Tr}(G)$ is a regular language.
- MPA A is regular if $L(A)$ is regular

Every V-bounded MPA is regular

The decision problem "is $L \subseteq \text{Act}^*$ with L regular realizable by a set of MSCs?" is decidable

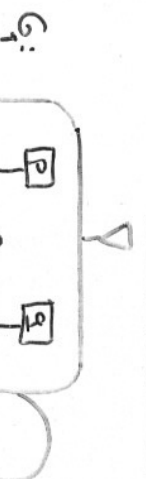
i.e., do MSCs $M_1, \dots, M_k$ exist such that $\bigcup_{i=1}^k \text{Tr}(M_i) = L$ for regular language L ?

But:

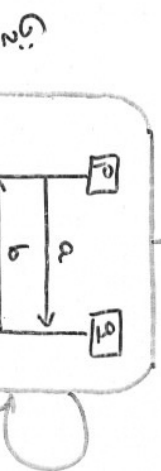
The decision problem "is MSG G regular?" is undecidable [Henriksen et al. 2005]

EXAMPLES

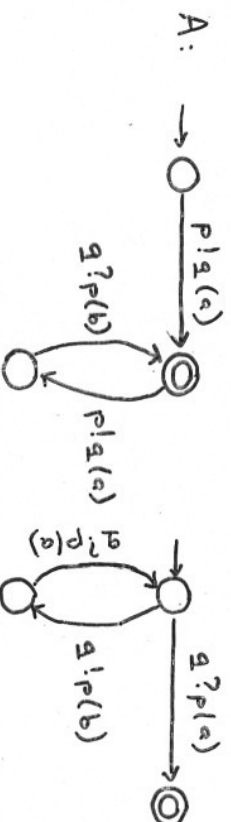
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$\text{Tr}(G_1) = \text{Dyck language}$
not regular



regular
 $\text{Tr}(G_2) = (p!q(a) \ q?p(a) \ q!p(b) \ p?q(b))^*$



is regular
is V₃-bounded

REGULARITY AND REALIZABILITY

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$L \subseteq Act^*$ is an MSC language if

$L = Tr(\{M_1, \dots, M_k\})$ for some MSCs M_i .

Then: [Henriksen et. al '03]:

L is a regular MSC language
iff
 L is realizable by a deterministic V -bounded MPA

↓

MPA A is V -bounded if there exists $B \in \mathbb{N}$ such that for each reachable configuration of A , $|n(c)| \leq B$ for each channel c

(equivalently: any MSC in $L(A)$ is VB -bounded)

REGULAR MSGs

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- MSG G is regular if $Traces(G)$ is a regular language
- "is MSG G regular?" is undecidable
- Now try to impose structural conditions on G that guarantee that G is regular
- Use: so-called communication graph

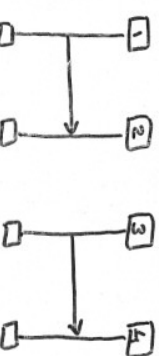
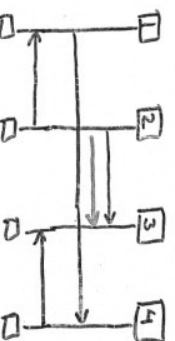
The communication graph of the MSC $M = (P, E, \ell, m, <)$ is the digraph $(V, \rightarrow)$

with: • $V = P \setminus \{p \in P \mid E_p = \emptyset\}$

"inactive" processes

- $p \rightarrow q$ iff $p.1q(a) \in E$ for some $a \in C$
 $q.1p(a) \in E$

Examples:

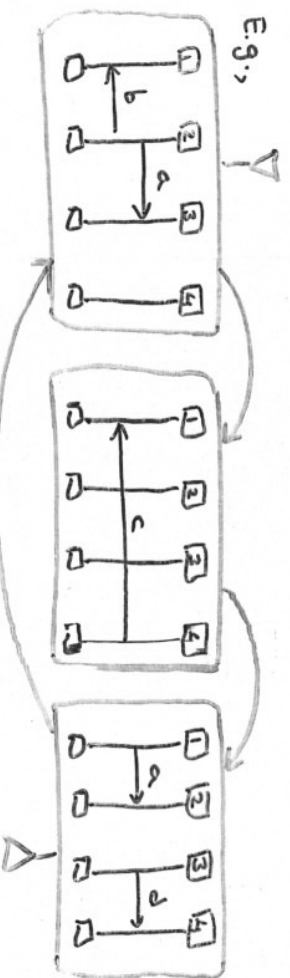


COMMUNICATION - CLOSED MSGs

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MSG G is communication-closed if for any loop $\underbrace{v_1 v_2 \dots v_n}_{= \pi}$ in G , the MSC $M(\pi)$

has a strongly connected communication graph.



is communication-closed since for the only loop, the communication graph is:



is strongly connected

Note: checking whether MSG G is communication-closed is in PTIME (determine all loops in G , all graphs, check strong connected-ness)

COMMUNICATION - CLOSED VS. REGULARITY

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For any MSG G :

G is communication-closed $\implies G$ is regular

Notes: 1. the reverse does not hold;

2. not every regular language can be represented by an MSG (see Yamaoka's examp.)

But:

For $\underbrace{\text{MSCs}}_{\text{set of}} \{M_1, \dots, M_k\}$ which is regular:

L can be represented by an MSG iff

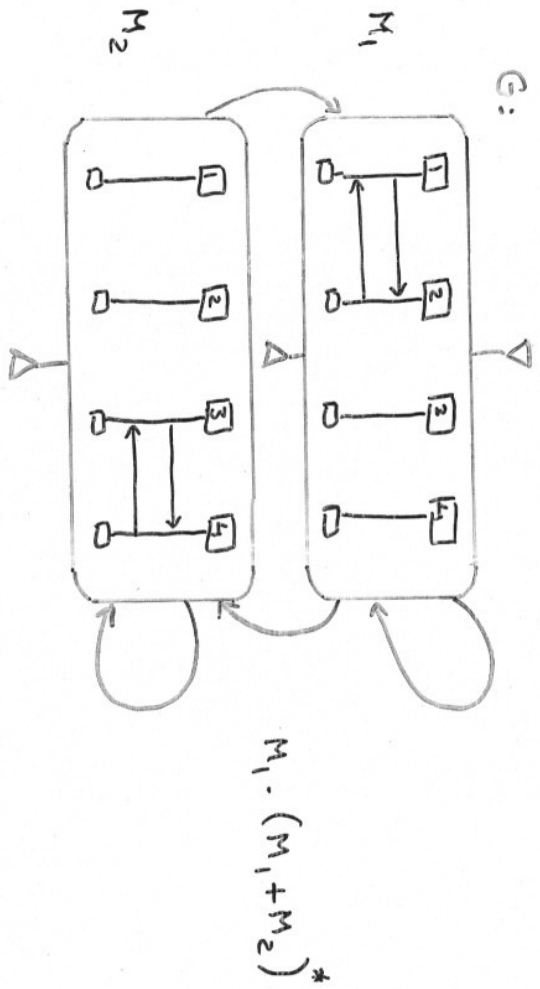
L can be represented by a comm.-closed MSG

where $L = \bigcup_{i=1}^k \text{Tr}(M_i)$

possibly infinite

COMMUNICATION-CLOSEDNESS VS. REGULARITY

Communication closedness is a sufficient, but not necessary condition for regularity



Communication graph: $\textcircled{1} \leftrightarrow \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{3} \leftrightarrow \textcircled{4}$

Not communication closed.

But $\text{Tr}(G)$ is regular:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (1^1 2^2 2^1 1^1 2^2) \cdot \\
 & (1^1 2^2 2^1 1^1 2^2 + 3^1 4^4 4^3 3^3 4^1) \cdot
 \end{aligned}$$

SUMMARY OF REALIZABILITY

[Alur et al. '00]
 [Lohrey '03]

	finite MSG*	comm. - closed MSG	general MSG	
realizability	coNP-complete	undecidable	undecidable	FIFO communication
safe realizability	PTIME	EXSPACE complete	undecidable	
realizability	coNP-complete	PSPACE hard	undecidable	<u>non-FIFO</u> communication
safe realizability	PTIME	EXSPACE complete	undecidable	

* G is finite if #MSCs defined by G is finite, i.e., $L(G)$ is finite

REGULAR EXPRESSIONS OVER MSCs

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Let $M \in \mathcal{M}$ be an MSC

The set of regular expressions over $\mathcal{M}$

is given by the grammar:

$$\alpha ::= \emptyset \mid M \mid \alpha_1 \cdot \alpha_2 \mid \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \mid \alpha^*$$

Semantics of regular expressions is given

by $L : \text{RegExp}_{\mathcal{M}} \rightarrow 2^{\mathcal{M}}$ and defined as:

$$L(\emptyset) = \emptyset$$

$$L(M) = \{M\}$$

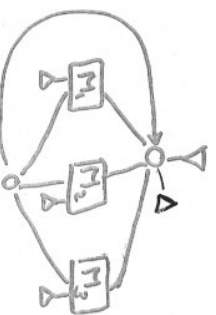
$$L(\alpha_1 \cdot \alpha_2) = L(\alpha_1) \cdot L(\alpha_2)$$

concatenation
of sets of
MSCs

$$L(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) = L(\alpha_1) \cup L(\alpha_2)$$

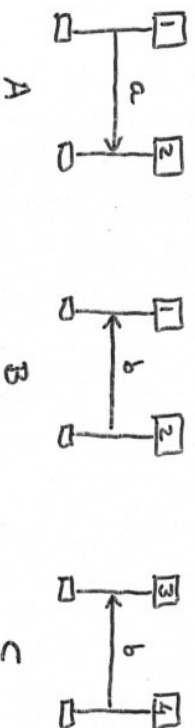
$$L(\alpha^*) = L(\alpha)^* \text{ --- Kleene star over sets of MSCs}$$

e.g. $\{\{M_1, M_2, M_3\}\}^*$ is to be read as:



REGULAR EXPRESSIONS FOR MSCs

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Consider the regular expressions:

$$\alpha_1 = (A \cdot B)^*$$

deterministic safe product
MPA $\forall 1$ -bounded

$$\alpha_2 = (A + B)^*$$

deterministic $\exists 1$ -bounded MPA

$$\alpha_3 = (A \cdot C)^*$$

not realizable

$$\alpha_4 = A \cdot (A + B)^* \quad \exists 1\text{-bounded safe MPA}$$

How about the realizability of $L(\alpha_i)$?

(Note: all realizable $L(\alpha_i)$ have as possible realization a locally accepting MPA, i.e.,

$$F = \prod_{p \in P} F_p \text{ for some } F_p \subseteq S_p)$$

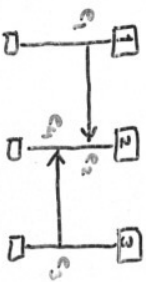
Can we obtain a simple criterion on regular expressions that guarantees realizability?

REGULAR EXPRESSIONS FOR MSCs

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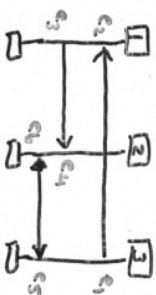
- MSC $M = (P, E, \epsilon, \ell, m, <)$ is connected if:

$$\forall e, e' \in E. \quad e <^* e' \text{ or } e' <^* e$$



not connected

$$\text{since } e_1 \not<^* e_3 \wedge e_2 \not<^* e_1$$



connected

- Regular expression α is connected if for any subexpression β^* of α , $L(\beta)$ is a set of connected MSCs

- let $\underbrace{\{M_1, \dots, M_k\}}_{\mathcal{D}}$ be MSCs such that $\mathcal{D} \subseteq E^*$ for some finite set E of MSCs.

Then:

[Genest et al.
2006]

$\mathcal{D}$ is realizable iff
there exists a connected reg. expr.
 α such that $L(\alpha) = \mathcal{D}$