

Introduction to Model Checking  
 Winter term 08/09

## – Series 6 –

 Hand in on December 12 before the exercise class.

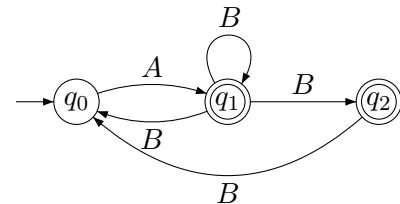
## Exercise 1

(2 points)

Show that the class of languages accepted by DBA is not closed under complement!

## Exercise 2

(2 points)

 Consider the GNBA outlined on the right with acceptance sets  $F_1 = \{q_1\}$  and  $F_2 = \{q_2\}$ . Construct an equivalent NBA using the transformation introduced in the lecture.


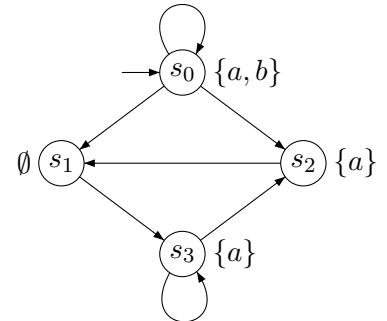
## Exercise 3

(1 + 2 + 2 + 1 points)

 We consider model checking of the  $\omega$ -regular properties  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  which are defined over the set  $AP = \{a, b\}$  of atomic propositions:

$$P_1 := \left\{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^\omega \mid \sigma \models \square \diamond a \rightarrow \square \diamond b \right\} \quad \text{and}$$

$$P_2 := \left\{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^\omega \mid \sigma \models \diamond(a \wedge \bigcirc a) \right\}.$$

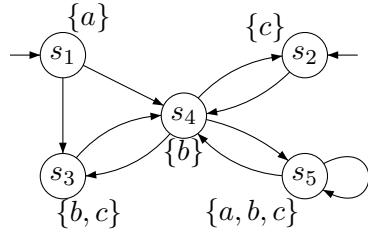

 Further, our model is represented by the transition system  $TS$  which is given on the right. We want to check whether  $TS \models P_i$  for  $i = 1, 2$  using the nested depth-first search algorithm from the lecture. Therefore proceed as follows:

- Derive a NBA  $\mathcal{A}_i$  for the complement  $\overline{P}_i$  of  $P_i$  for  $i = 1, 2$ .  
 More precisely, for  $\mathcal{A}_i$  it must hold  $\mathcal{L}_\omega(\mathcal{A}_i) = \overline{P}_i$ .  
*Hint: Four, respectively three states suffice. Derive the automata directly.*
- Outline the reachable fragment of the product transition system  $TS \otimes \mathcal{A}_i$ .
- Sketch the main steps of the nested depth-first search algorithm for the persistency check on  $TS \otimes \mathcal{A}_i$ .
- Provide the counterexample computed by the algorithm in case that  $TS \not\models P_i$ .

**Exercise 4**

(3 points)

Consider the transition system  $TS$  over the set of atomic propositions  $AP = \{a, b, c\}$ :



Decide for each of the LTL formulas  $\varphi_i$  below, whether  $TS \models \varphi_i$  holds. Justify your answers!  
 If  $TS \not\models \varphi_i$ , provide a path  $\pi \in Paths(TS)$  such that  $\pi \not\models \varphi_i$ .

$$\varphi_1 = \Diamond \Box c$$

$$\varphi_4 = \Box a$$

$$\varphi_2 = \Box \Diamond c$$

$$\varphi_5 = a \mathsf{U} \Box(b \vee c)$$

$$\varphi_3 = \bigcirc \neg c \rightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc c$$

$$\varphi_6 = (\bigcirc \bigcirc b) \mathsf{U}(b \vee c)$$

**Exercise 5**

(6 points)

Prove or disprove the following equivalences of LTL-formulas:

$$\Box \varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \psi \equiv \varphi \mathsf{U}(\psi \vee \neg \varphi)$$

$$\Diamond \Box \varphi \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \psi \equiv \Box(\varphi \mathsf{U}(\psi \vee \neg \varphi))$$

$$\Box \Diamond \varphi \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \psi \equiv \Box(\varphi \rightarrow \Diamond \psi)$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \mathsf{U} \psi) \equiv \Diamond \psi$$