

Semantics and Verification of Software

Lecture 14: Extension by Blocks and Procedures I (Operational Semantics)

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- 1 Extension by Blocks and Procedures
- 2 Extending the Syntax
- 3 New Semantic Domains
- 4 Execution Relation

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- **locations** (memory addresses) and **stores** (memory states)

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⇒ Involves new semantic concepts:

- variable und procedure **environments**
- **locations** (memory addresses) and **stores** (memory states)
- Important: **scope** of variable and procedure identifiers
 - static scoping**: scope of identifier = **declaration environment**
(also: “lexical” scoping; here)
 - dynamic scoping**: scope of identifier = **calling environment**
(old Algol/Lisp dialects)

Example 14.1

```
begin
  var x; var y;
  proc P is y := x;
  x := 1;
  begin
    var x;
    x := 2;
    call P
  end
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dynamic scoping $\Rightarrow y = 2$

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Syntactic categories:

Category	Domain	Meta variable
Procedure identifiers	$PVar = \{P, Q, \dots\}$	P
Procedure declarations	$PDec$	p
Variable declarations	$VDec$	v
Commands (statements)	Cmd	c

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Context-free grammar:

$p ::= \text{proc } P \text{ is } c; p \mid \varepsilon \in PDec$

$v ::= \text{var } x; v \mid \varepsilon \in VDec$

$c ::= \text{skip} \mid x := a \mid c_1; c_2 \mid \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2 \mid \text{while } b \text{ do } c \mid$
 $\text{call } P \mid \text{begin } v \text{ } p \text{ } c \text{ end} \in Cmd$

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- Now: explicit control over all (nested) **instances** of a variable:
 - **variable environments** $VEnv := \{\rho \mid \rho : Var \dashrightarrow Loc\}$
 - **locations** $Loc := \mathbb{N}$
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\Rightarrow **Two-level access** to a variable $x \in Var$:

- 1 determine current memory location of x :

$$l := \rho(x)$$

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- Thus: previous **state** information represented as $\sigma \circ \rho$

Procedure Environments and Declarations

- **Effect of procedure call** determined by its body and variable and procedure environment of its declaration:

$$PEnv := \{\pi \mid \pi : PVar \dashrightarrow Cmd \times VEnv \times PEnv\}$$

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- **Effect of declaration**: update of environment (and store)

$$\text{upd}_V[\![\cdot]\!] : VDec \times VEnv \times Sto \rightarrow VEnv \times Sto$$

$$\text{upd}_V[\![\text{var } x; v]\!](\rho, \sigma) := \text{upd}_V[\![v]\!](\rho[x \mapsto l_x], \sigma[l_x \mapsto 0])$$

$$\text{upd}_V[\![\varepsilon]\!](\rho, \sigma) := (\rho, \sigma)$$

$$\text{upd}_P[\![\cdot]\!] : PDec \times VEnv \times PEnv \rightarrow PEnv$$

$$\text{upd}_P[\![\text{proc } P \text{ is } c; p]\!](\rho, \pi) := \text{upd}_P[\![p]\!](\rho, \pi[P \mapsto (c, \rho, \pi)])$$

$$\text{upd}_P[\![\varepsilon]\!](\rho, \pi) := \pi$$

where $l_x := \min\{l \in Loc \mid \sigma(l) = \perp\}$

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Definition 14.2 (Execution relation)

For $c \in \text{Cmd}$, $\sigma, \sigma' \in \text{Sto}$, $\rho \in \text{VEnv}$, and $\pi \in \text{PEnv}$, the **execution relation** $(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'$ ("in environment (ρ, π) , statement c transforms store σ into σ' ") is defined by the following rules:

$$\text{(skip)} \frac{}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{skip}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma}$$

$$\text{(asgn)} \frac{\langle a, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow z}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle x := a, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma[\rho(x) \mapsto z]}$$

$$\text{(seq)} \frac{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma' \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_2, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1; c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}$$

$$\text{(if-t)} \frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{true} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_1, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}$$

$$\text{(if-f)} \frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{false} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{if } b \text{ then } c_1 \text{ else } c_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}$$

Definition 14.2 (Execution relation; continued)

$$\text{(wh-f)} \frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{false}}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma}$$

$$\text{(wh-t)} \frac{\langle b, \sigma \circ \rho \rangle \rightarrow \text{true} \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma' \quad (\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{while } b \text{ do } c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}$$

$$\text{(call)} \frac{(\rho', \pi'[P \mapsto (c, \rho', \pi')]) \vdash \langle c, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{call } P, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma'} \quad \text{if } \pi(P) = (c, \rho', \pi')$$

$$\text{(block)} \frac{\text{upd}_v \llbracket v \rrbracket (\rho, \sigma) = (\rho', \sigma') \quad (\rho', \text{upd}_p \llbracket p \rrbracket (\rho', \pi)) \vdash \langle c, \sigma' \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}{(\rho, \pi) \vdash \langle \text{begin } v \text{ } p \text{ } c \text{ end}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \sigma''}$$

Remarks about rules (call) and (block):

- **Static scoping** is modelled in (call) by using the environments ρ' and π' (as determined in (block)) from the **declaration** site of procedure P (and not ρ and π from the **calling** site)
- In (call), the procedure environment associated with procedure P is extended by a P -entry to handle **recursive calls** of P :

$$\pi'[P \mapsto (c, \rho', \pi')]$$

Example 14.3

```

c = begin
  var x; var y;                                } v
  proc F is
    begin
      var z;
      z := x;
      if z=1 then skip
        else x := x-1;
              call F;
              y := z * y;
            } c2
      } c1
    } cF
  } p
end
x := 2; y := 1; call F } c0
end

```

Let $\sigma_\emptyset(l) = \rho_\emptyset(x) = \pi_\emptyset(P) = \perp$ for all $l \in Loc, x \in Var, P \in PVar$

Notation: $\sigma_{ijkl} \Leftrightarrow \sigma(0) = i, \sigma(1) = j, \sigma(2) = k, \sigma(3) = l$

Derivation tree for $(\rho_\emptyset, \pi_\emptyset) \vdash \langle c, \sigma_\emptyset \rangle \rightarrow \sigma_{1221}$: on the board